

# INTELLIGENZA ARTIFICIALE E LAVORO IN ITALIA: MISURAZIONE

## DELL'ESPOSIZIONE E RUOLO DELLE START UP

*Artificial intelligence and work in Italy: measuring exposure and the role of start-ups*

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**CONVEGNO SIE - Università di Napoli Parthenope - 24 ottobre 2025**

**SESSIONE INTELLIGENZA ARTIFICIALE: IMPATTI, RISCHI E SFIDE PER IL MERCATO DEL LAVORO IN ITALIA (with INAPP)**



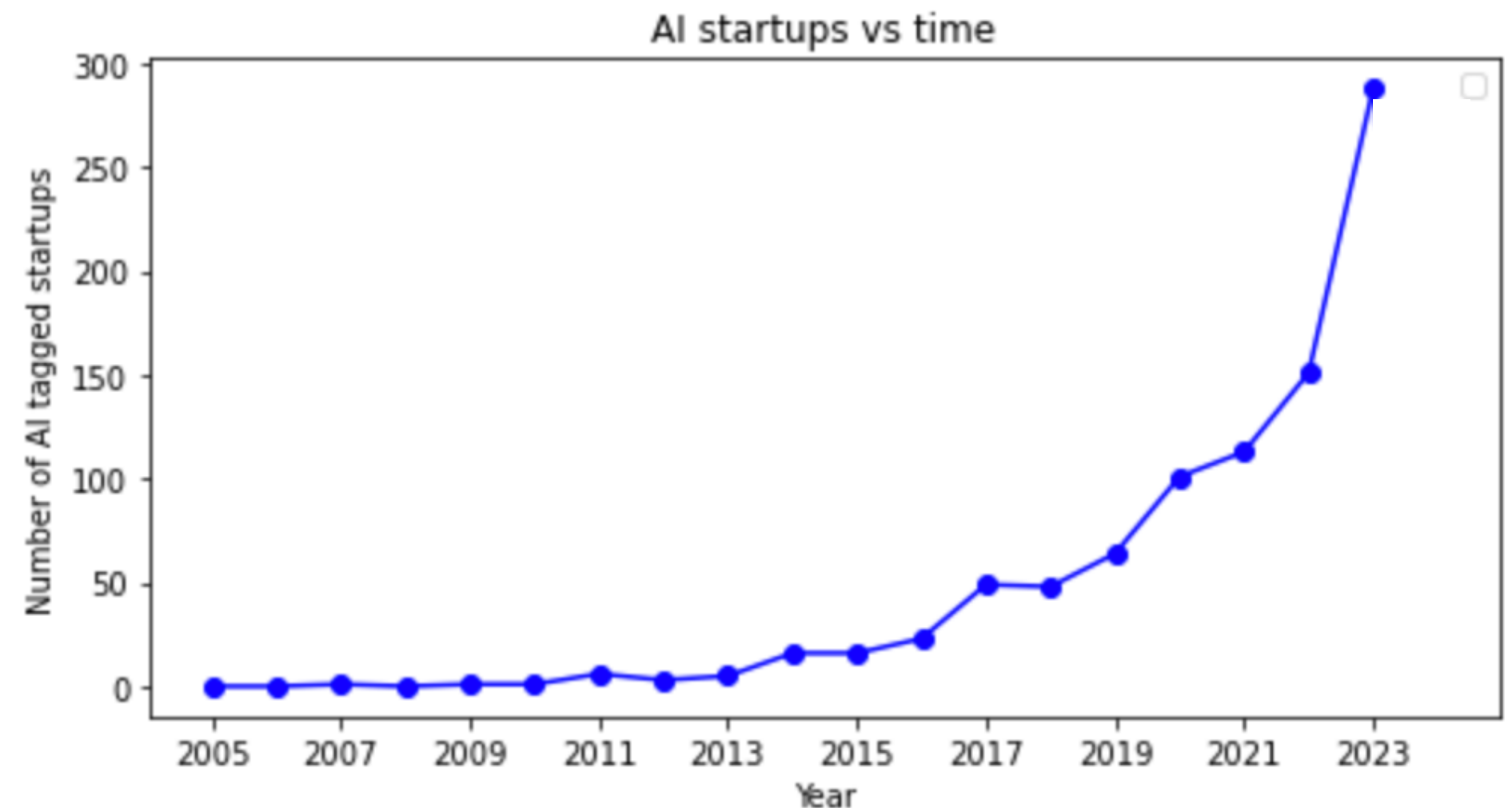
**Research question:**

**How much a job is exposed to AI?**

# Our approach

**We count the number of AI applications developed by funded startups that can significantly affect the tasks of an occupation**

- We have collected startups from **Y-Combinator** (a technology startup accelerator)
- 5000 startups -> each funded **500k \$**
- We selected all the **AI tagged startups**
- (Robustness analysis with EU-startup)



# Example

**Startup description example- Activity description**



# Method (step 2)

For each AI startup, Y-combinator provides a detailed description of the developed product or service

For each occupation, ICP provides a concise description of all its required "activities"



LoRa fine-tuned on a human labeled training set

step  
2

We count how many AI startups are developing a product that can affects a given activity

# Method (step 3)

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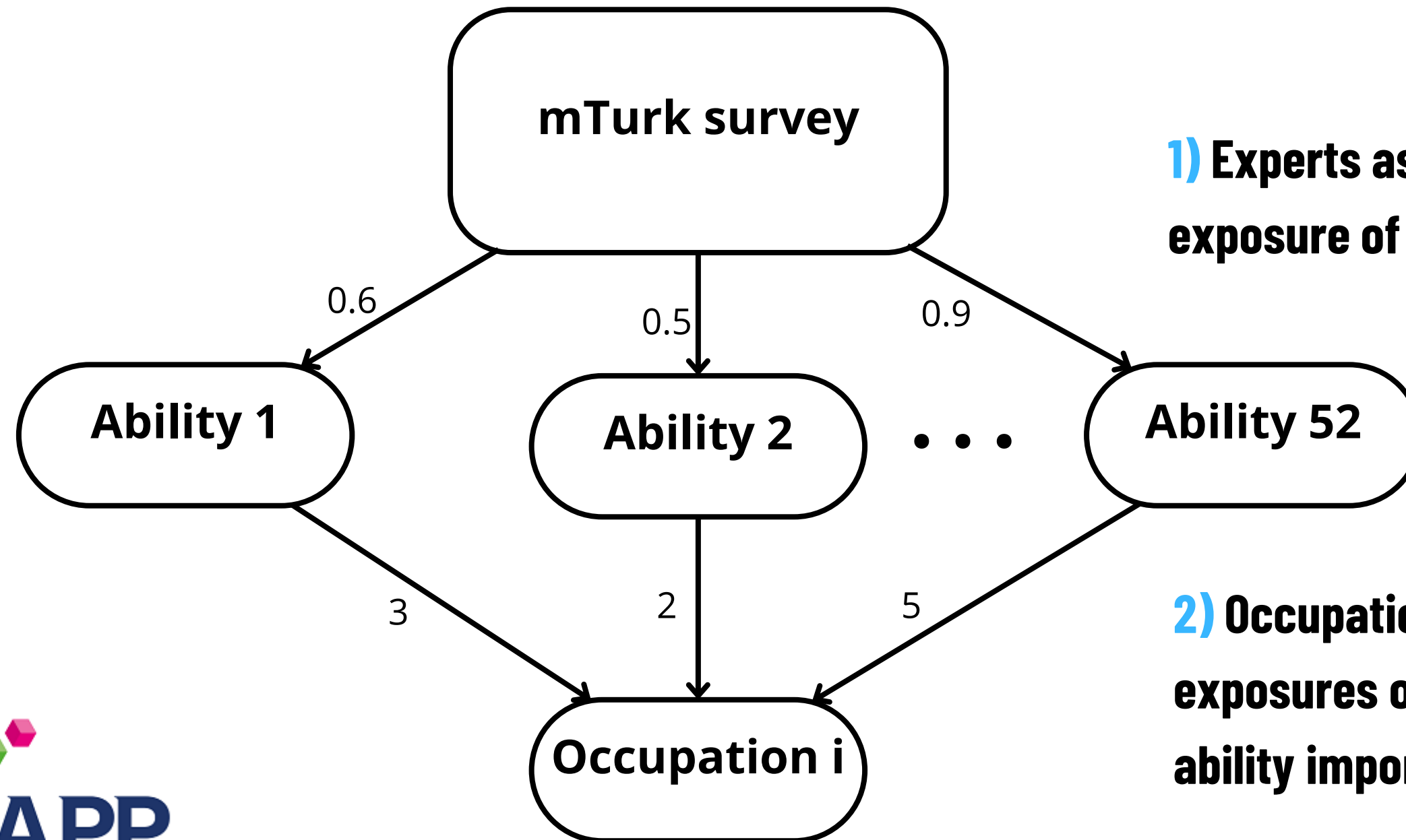
Since each occupation is associated with multiple activities, the final exposure index for a job is the average of the exposures of the tasks associated with it.

step  
3

# A benchmark index: Italian c-AIOE

(Ferri V., Fenoaltea E. M., Porcelli R., 2024)

c-AIOE is an **ability-based** measure:

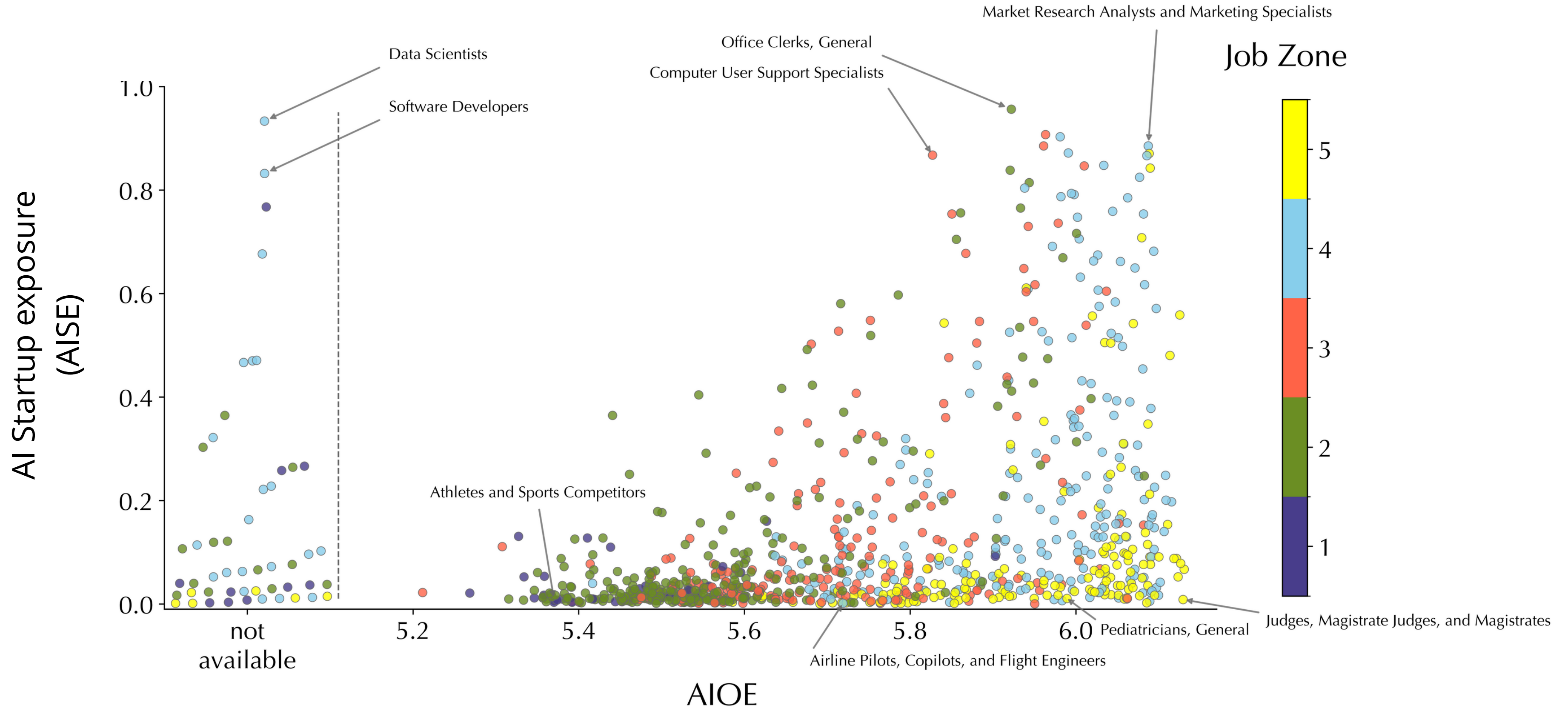


**1) Experts assign a score to the level of AI exposure of an ability (52 abilities from ICP)**

**2) Occupational exposure is the weighted average of the exposures of the required abilities (weights are the ability importance scores provided by ICP)**

- **Since there is the additional layer of abilities, the c-AIOE is a measure of potential exposure (or theoretical exposure)**
- **Our measure, based on AI applications that directly target job activities, reflects the actual effort toward exposure.**

# Results (O\*NET based)



# Results (ICP based) Building the Italian AISEit (Ferri, Porcelli, Fenoaltea, 2025)

## Data and Method

- **Italian ICP tasks matched with YC-funded AI startups**
- **Selected tags: for example AI, ML, Generative AI, Computer Vision, AIOps, Conversational AI**
- **Input: detailed startup descriptions**
- **LLM classifies whether startup product can replace each task**
- **Activity-level exposure → averaged at occupation level**

# Results (ICP based) – AISEit vs. CAIOEit: Joint Distribution Potential vs. Market-Driven AI Exposure

- **CAIOE: complementarity occupational AI exposure**
- **AISE: exposure driven by startup innovation**
- **High-high quadrant:**
  - **Data entry clerks**
  - **Monitoring and control staff**
  - **Database technicians**
- **Low-low quadrant:**
  - **Manual workers**
  - **Dancers**
  - **Athletes**

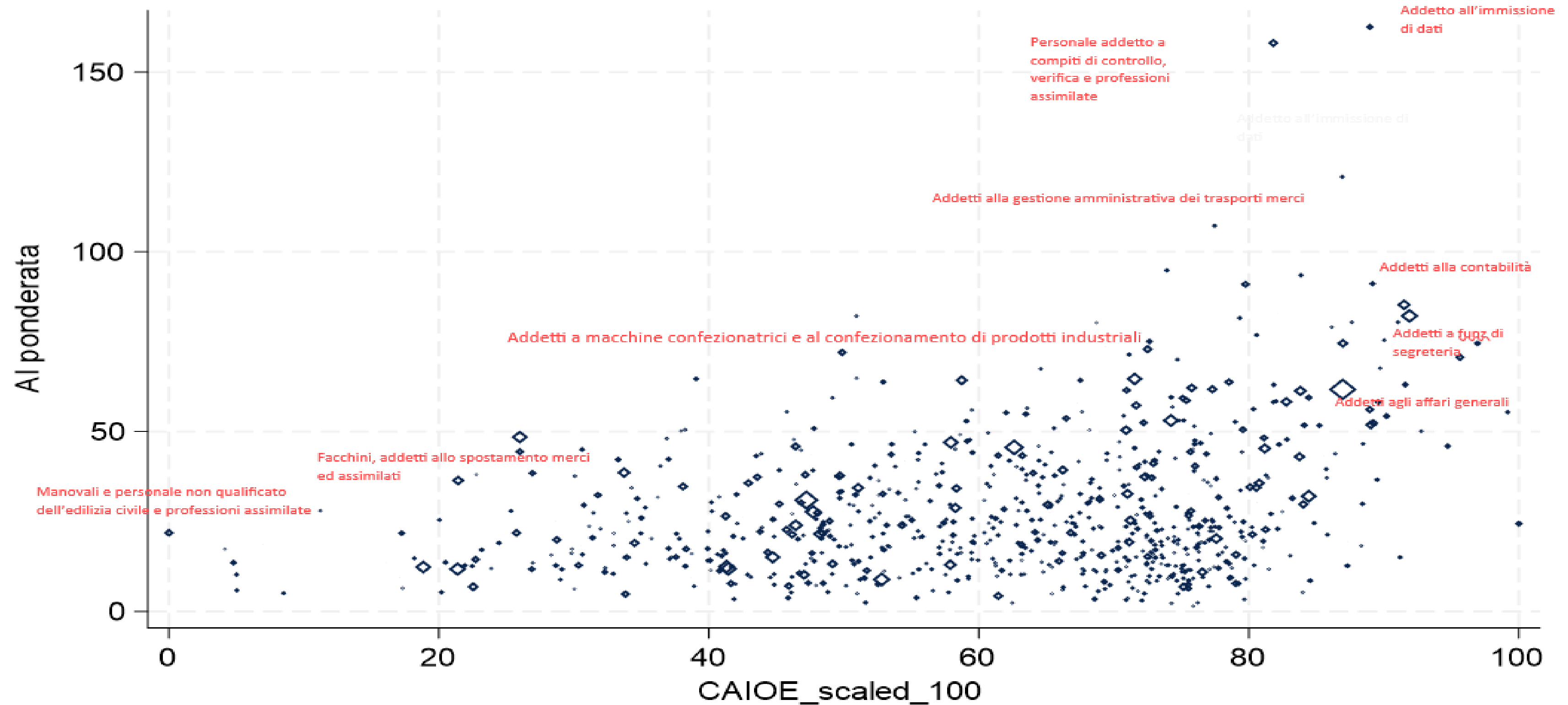


# Results (ICP based) - Employment Size Matters

## **Policy relevance of exposure**

- **Highly exposed occupations may employ few workers**
- **Example: data entry clerks → high exposure, small employment share**
- **Easier targeting for reskilling and upskilling policies**
- **Some clerical profiles show high CAIOEit but low current startup pressure**

# Results (ICP based) - Employment Size Matters



Fonte: elaborazioni degli autori su dati ICP, Y combinator e RCFL 2023

# Results (ICP based)- Key Takeaways

- **Startup-based measures capture real market pressure, not only technical potential**
- **AI exposure is highest in clerical, data, and information-processing roles**
- **Physical, ethical, and high-risk professions remain less exposed in the short term**
- **Combining CAIOEit and AISE improves policy targeting and timing of interventions**

**Thank you**



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